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SPONSORED PROJECT TERMINATION/CLOSEOUT SHEET

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ct Director(s) <u>G. H. Meyer</u>		GTRC /XHX			
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Mathematical Sciences: The method of lines for	r Multi-Dimensional Free B	oundary Proble			
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A Progress Report on Grant No. MCS-8302548

The Method of Lines for Multi-Dimensional Free Boundary Problems

Work on the numerical solution of free boundary problems with the method of lines has progressed in several directions.

Domain restrictions inherent in the method of lines in previous applications can be relaxed by mapping the physical domain to a more convenient computational domain. Extensive numerical experiments indicate that the method of lines will perform well in the presence of cross derivatives. The importance of the proper choice of coordinates is brought out for a filtration problem in [1].

Building on the monotone convergence results of [2] a program has been written to solve multi-dimensional diffusion-reaction equations. The numerical experiments with a heat/mass transfer problem coupled through an Arrhenius reaction and a free boundary look promising. We hope to provide a convergence theory analogous to [2] using variational inequalities for vector valued functions.

A mathematical and numerical analysis of a one dimensional parabolic problem without variational structure arising in polymer diffusion has been completed in collaboration with A. Fasano and M. Primicerio from the University of Florence.

Finally, the method of lines has seen preliminary testing on problems with curvature terms on the free boundary. So far, the results indicate no discernible change in the solution for small curvature terms, and no convergence of the algorithm for large curvature terms. As predicted by the referees, this problem proves to be quite a challenge.

1. The Method of Lines, Line SOR and Free Boundaries, to appear in the SIAM Proceedings of the Special Year in Energy Mathematics.

2. Free Boundary Problems with Nonlinear Source Terms, to appear in Numerische Mathematik.

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION Washington, D.C. 20550	FINAL	PROJECT REPORT		
PLEASE READ	INSTRUCT	ONS ON REVERSE BEFORE COMPLETE	ING	
PART	1-PROJECT	IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION		
1. Institution and Address Georgia Institute of Technology		2. NSF Program Applied Mathematics	3. NSF Award Number MCS 8302597/48	
Atlanta, GA 30332		4. Award Period From 6/1/83 To 11/30/85	5. Cumulative Award Amount \$51,725	

6. Project Title

The Method of Lines for Multi-Dimensional Free Boundary Problems

PART II-SUMMARY OF COMPLETED PROJECT (FOP PUBLIC USE)

The method of lines is established as a simple numerical method for multidimensional free boundary problems for elliptic and parabolic equations. When the approximating ordinary differential equations are solved in line iterative fashion with a sweep method, a flexible sequentially one-dimensional front tracking algorithm results which can accommodate a variety of free boundary conditions. Moreover, for steady-state and time-dependent obstable problems this approach is shown to converge to the unique solution of the underlying variational inequality. The method is also effective for elliptic operators with cross derivatives and thus can be used for front tracking along non-orthogonal directions. The extension of this approach to systems of equations with multiple free boundaries appears possible. First results with reaction-diffusion systems are encouraging.

For each one dimensional problem a new sweep method called continuous orthonormalization is suggested which can adaptively resolve boundary layers and turning points. The value of this method is demonstrated with an obstacle problem for a highly loaded beam.

PART III-TECHNICAL INFORMATION (FOR PROGRAM MANAGEMENT USES)							
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IV. Recent and Ongoing Sponsored Research

The proposed research presents a natural evolution of earlier research on free boundary problems for a single one- or multi-dimensional parabolic equation. Recent research in this area has been funded by the National Science Foundation with a two-year grant and a supercomputer supplement since the summer of 1984. The specific topics described in our previous proposal were investigated during this period, and the results were mixed. Several publications resulted from this work.

1) Many numerical tests were run on a Cray with Hele-Shaw problems when the free boundary condition involved surface tension. Formally, the method of lines-SOR algorithm readily permits higher derivatives of the free boundary, but the line-SOR consistently diverged as the number of lines increased. We are currently experimenting with a pseudo-spectral approximation for the free boundary to define a more Newton-like iteration.

2) Convergence of the method of lines for time dependent problems is the thesis subject of D. E. Womble who should complete his Ph.D. research by next summer.

3) The possibility of combining the method of lines with domain mapping methods was explored to remove some of the geometric restrictions inherent in this approach. Cross derivatives arising from such mappings do not degrade the numerical performance of the method of lines. The importance of the proper choice of coordinates is brought out in [1].

4) The power of the one-dimensional sweep method was exploited in a detailed study of a one-dimensional polymer swelling problem for which a complete mathematical analysis could be given [2].

5) The method of continuous orthonormalization for linear two point systems was analyzed and adapted to free boundary problems [3]. A fourth order obstacle problem with singular perturbation behaviour and bifurcation was analyzed and readily solved with this method [4].

6) A first application of the method of lines to diffusion systems is described in [5] for a problem which can be written as a variational inequality for \bar{u} . In this case monotone convergence of the sequentially one-dimensional method can be shown. This setting does not include the exothermic reaction problem (3.2).

7) An analysis of the sweep method for the onedimensional dead core problem u" = \sqrt{u} , u(0) = 1, u(s) = ε , u'(s) = 0 was carried out. It was shown that the position of the free boundary s is changed by $O(\varepsilon^{1/4})$ when u(s) = 0 is replaced by u(s) = ε . The results were presented in September 1985 at a free boundary conference in Oberwolfach. Moreover, the computer code for (3.2) depended on this study.

Literature References Acknowledging NSF Grant MCS 8302547/48

 G. H. Meyer, The method of lines, line SOR and free boundaries, in Mathematical Methods in Energy Research, K. I. Gross, edt., SIAM, Philadelphia, 1984.

- 2. A. Fasano, G. H. Meyer, and M. Primicerio, On a problem in the polymer industry: Theoretical and numerical investigation of swelling, to appear in SIAM Journal on Math. Anal.
- 3. G. H. Meyer, Continuous orthonormalization for boundary values problems, to appear in Journal of Comp. Phys.
- 4. G. H. Meyer, Continuous orthonormalization for stiff free boundary problems, to appear in the proceedings of the 1984 Maubuisson conference on free boundaries, Pitman Research Notes in Mathematics.
- 5. G. H. Meyer, On the numerical solution of free boundary problems for reaction-diffusion systems, to appear in Advances in Free Boundary Problems (tentative title), M. Niezgodka, edt.