

A Vision of Access Services in the Open Library Environment (OLE)

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Overview

BACKGROUND

- What is OLE? Why OLE?
- OLE Project Principles. Definitions of SOA, BPM
- The Design Process

DELIVER ENTITY

- Request Service
- Identify User
- Identify Terms of Use
- Supply Entity

FUTURE

 A Research scenario. OLE in a consortia environment. How to stay informed about the Kuali OLE Project

What was the OLE Project?

A multinational group of libraries collaborating to design a next generation automated library system





The Andrew W. Mellon Foundation

OLE Project Timeline

- Initial assessment of interest, early 2008
- Proposal development by a diverse group of libraries, April 2008
- The Andrew W. Mellon Foundation provided funding for the design project, June 2008
- Project underway, August 2008
- Final (Draft) Report, July 26, 2009
- OLE Project Final Report, November 9, 2009
- Kuali OLE

OLE Project Activities

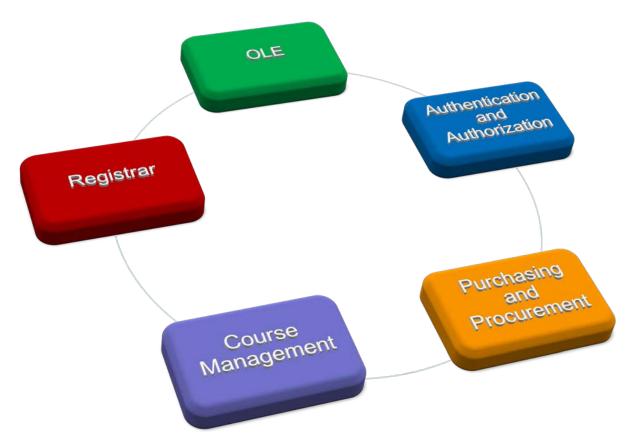
- Training and Workshops on Service Oriented Architecture (SOA) and Business Process Modeling (BPM)
- Engaging the Library & IT Communities
- Communication with the Community
- Interactions with other projects

Detailed information about all phases of the project is available at http://oleproject.org

- Current ILS products are inadequate.
- Vendor consolidation constrains choice.

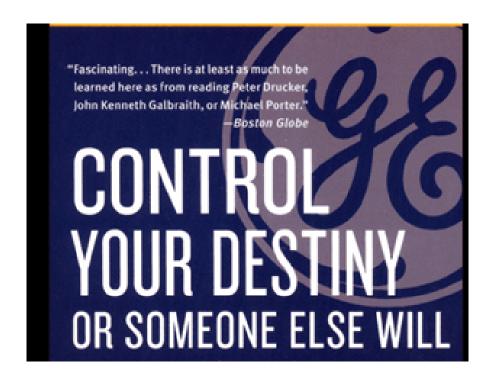
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Dynix
                     DRA
                                                       Multilis
     Inlex
         INLEX
                   Endeavor
                                                     Aleph
                               MARCorp
                                            Ш
SirsiDynix
                                             Millenium
 Unicorn, Horizon
                          CARL
                CLSI
                                             UTLAS
    Geac
                                                        Ex Libris
                              VTLS
                                                         Aleph, Voyager
         DataPhase
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- Libraries need to control their own destinies.



Why OLE? Original Project Rationale

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- Libraries need to control their own destinies.

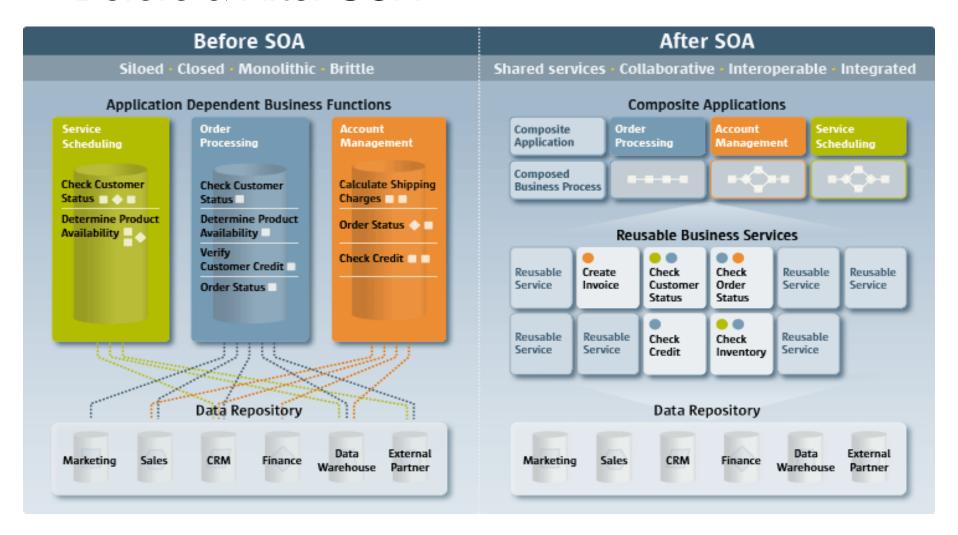
OLE Project Principles

- Flexibility. Supports a wide range of resources
- Community Ownership. Built, owned, governed by the library community
- Service Orientation. Developed using SOA, implemented with Web Services
- Enterprise Level Integration. Adapt and integrate with other enterprise systems
- Efficiency. Modular, meets current and future needs
- Sustainability. Reliable, robust

What is SOA?

- SOA = Service Oriented Architecture
- Design approach
 - Independent software pieces
 - Pieces can be interchanged or repurposed more easily
 - Pieces can be combined to create new services or systems
 - Business experts and IT experts work together
 - Think Legos™

Before & After SOA



What is BPM?

- BPM = Business Process Modeling
- Design approach
- BPM process
 - What needs to be done
 - How to do it, in what order, and contingencies
 - Separate from the systems and services that do the work
 - Mid-level detail
- Necessary before determining shared processes as part of SOA

Regional Design Workshops

- Held from November '08 through January '09 at Rutgers, other locations in the US, Canada, and Australia
- Two Workshops at Rutgers co-hosted with Columbia and University of Pennsylvania
- Approximately 80 individuals representing 27 institutions



Regional Design Workshops – Process Modeling

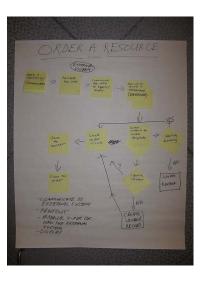
Identified and prioritized core processes

Modeled top 10 core processes at each workshop such

as:

- Ordering a resource

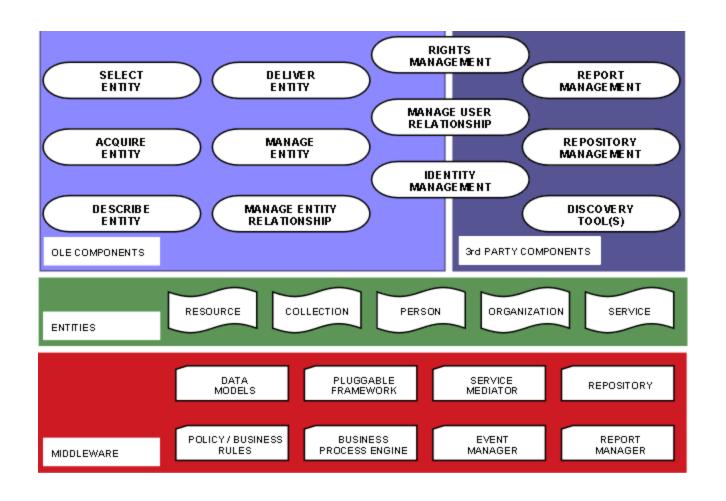
- Checking out a book
- Cataloging a resource
- Request fulfillment





 These were combined/synthesized with process models from other regional workshops

OLE Reference Model





Deliver Entity

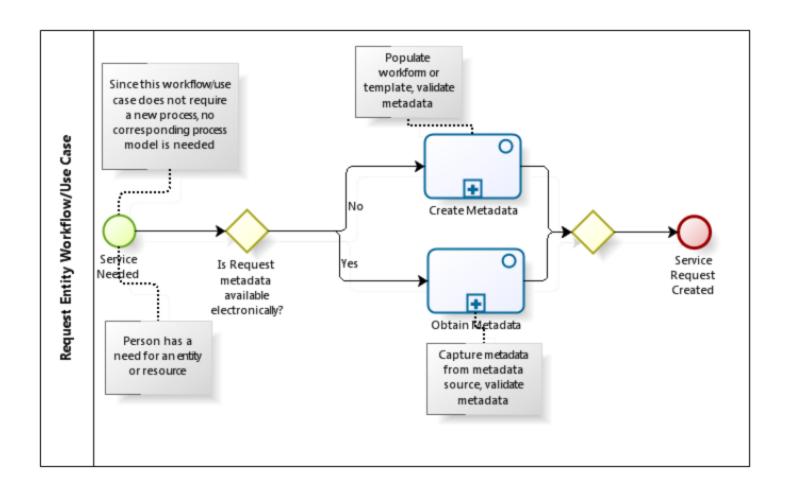
Definition: The Deliver Entity component describes processes that track the request and supply of a resource. It includes processes that initiate and receive the request, identify the user requesting the resource, check and verify the user's credentials, and determine availability and terms of use of the resource requested. A message is sent to the user whenever a condition is not met. The resource is supplied if all conditions are met.

Workflow / Process Diagrams:

- Request Service
- Identify User
- Identify Terms of Use
- Supply Entity

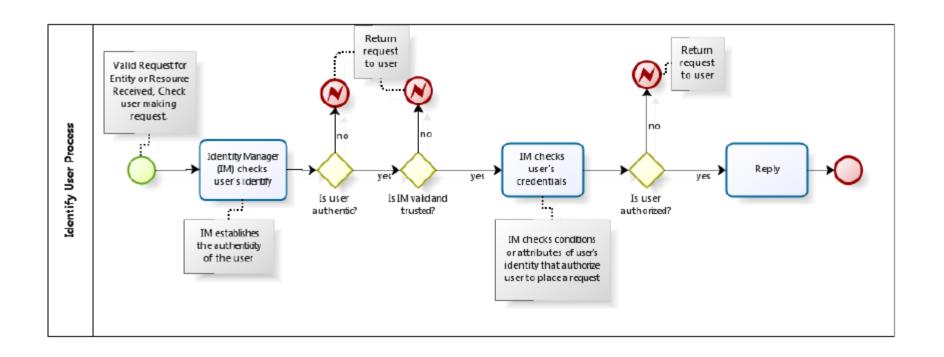


Deliver Entity – Request Entity



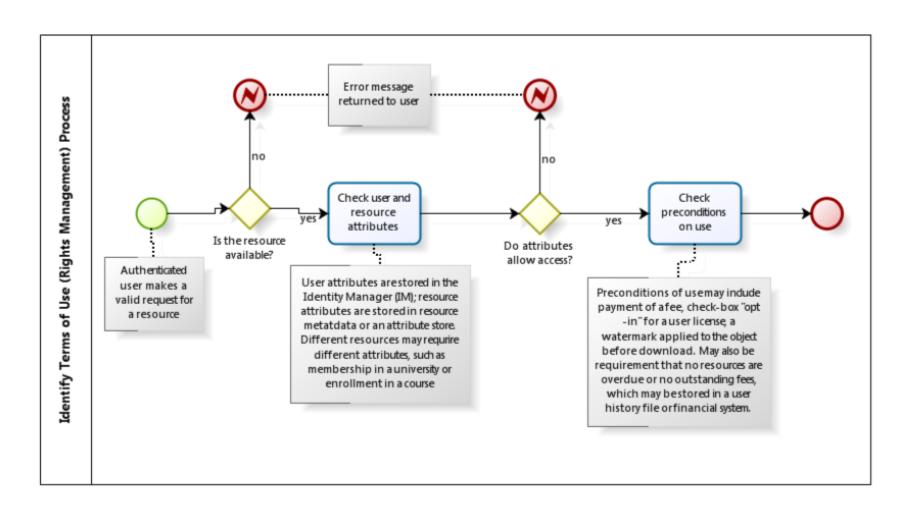


Deliver Entity – Identify User



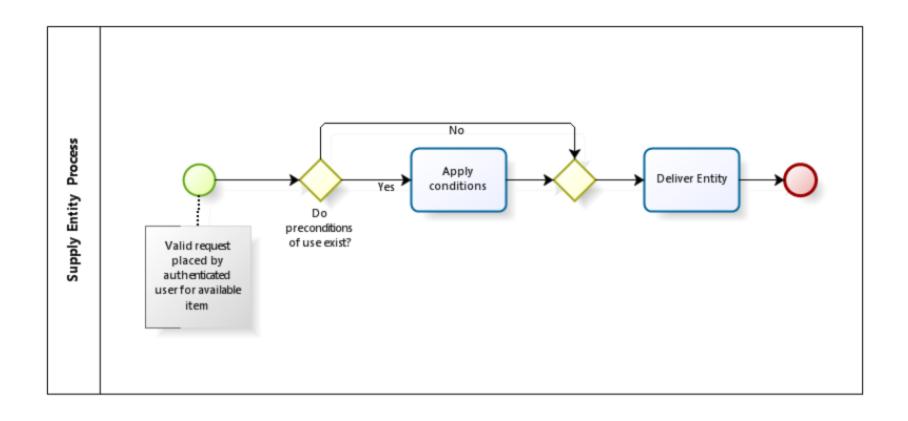


Deliver Entity – Identify Terms of Use





Deliver Entity – Supply Entity



A Research Scenario – Questions to consider

- How is the delivery of library content and services improved?
- How is a collaborative approach to research, teaching, learning supported?
- Does the library integrate with the institution's enterprise infrastructure?
- Does the library leverage the information environment-- publishing, technologies, mass digitization,
- Is content in all formats managed, delivered?
- Are consortial, cross-institutional activities supported?
- Are interactions with external service providers supported?
- Where /what is Access Services in the research scenario?

Advantages of OLE for VALE, New Jersey's Virtual Academic Library Environment

- Better control of costs (no more than present)
- Better control of system functionality
- Leverages similar workflows at VALE institutions
- Supports shared collection development
- Supports development of a statewide repository system

VALE and OLE: Decisions of Policy & Workflow

- Selection of Discovery Tool (local views and location customization)
- Organization and management. How will VALE-OLE be governed and managed?
- Hardware configurations
- Data Preparation and Migration
 - Bibliographic
 - patron, lending, usage statistics
 - acquisitions and serials
- Policy and Practices: metadata; acquiring resources; resource sharing
- Testing OLE

Kuali OLE (Open Library Environment)

The goal of the Kuali Open Library Environment Project is to define a next-generation technology environment based on a thoroughly re-examined model of library business operations. The model will then be used to develop specifications for a next generation community-sourced library management system, Kuali OLE (pronounced oh-LAY). This software system will be a part of the academic enterprise technology framework and will scale up to connect with other enterprise technology systems within the academic and administrative computing environment. The software system will also be capable of scaling down for stand-alone library use.

Kuali OLE Founding Partners

- Indiana University(Lead School)
- Florida Consortium:University of Florida representing:
 - Florida International University
 - Florida State University
 - New College of Florida
 - Rollins College
 - University of Central Florida
 - University of Miami
 - University of South Florida
 - The Florida Center for Library Automation
- <u>Lehigh University</u>
- Triangle Research Libraries Network for
 - Duke University
 - North Carolina State University
- University of Chicago
- University of Maryland
- University of Michigan
- University of Pennsylvania



Staying Informed

OLE Final Project Report

http://oleproject.org/final-report-on-ole-project/

Kuali-OLE website:

http://www.kuali.org/ole

Questions?

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