



# Implementing Complete Streets: “The Road Diet”

Ed McKinney, AICP

Senior Associate, Glatting Jackson



How do we implement “complete streets” on our existing roads?



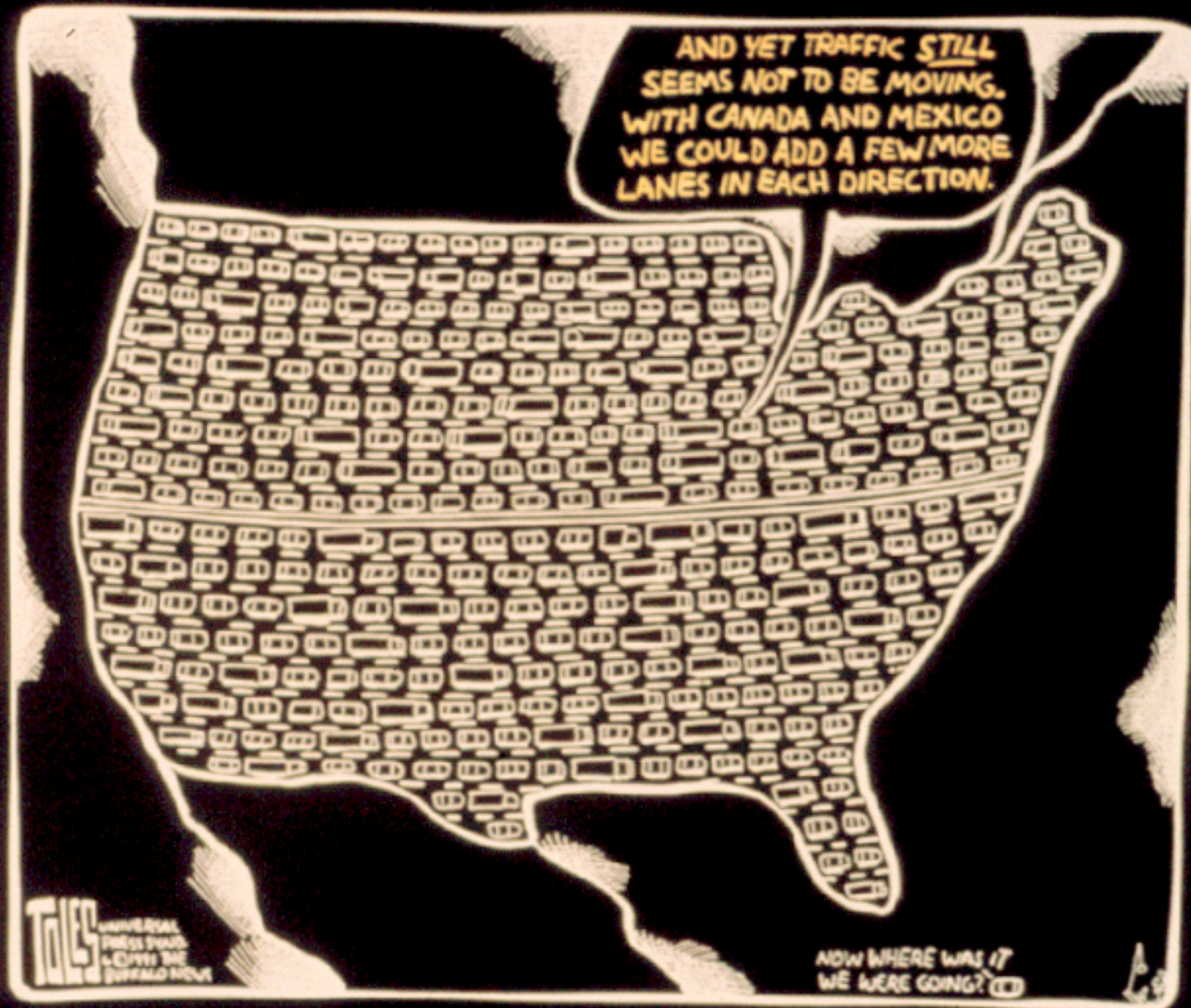
Many Roads Could Use a “road diet”

“Trying to cure traffic  
congestion with more capacity  
is like trying to cure obesity by  
loosening your belt”

- Glen Heimstra, Futurist



Solution?





CAPACITY OF  
STREETS



# What's a road diet?



**Classic road diet shrinks 4 lanes to 3 + bike lanes**



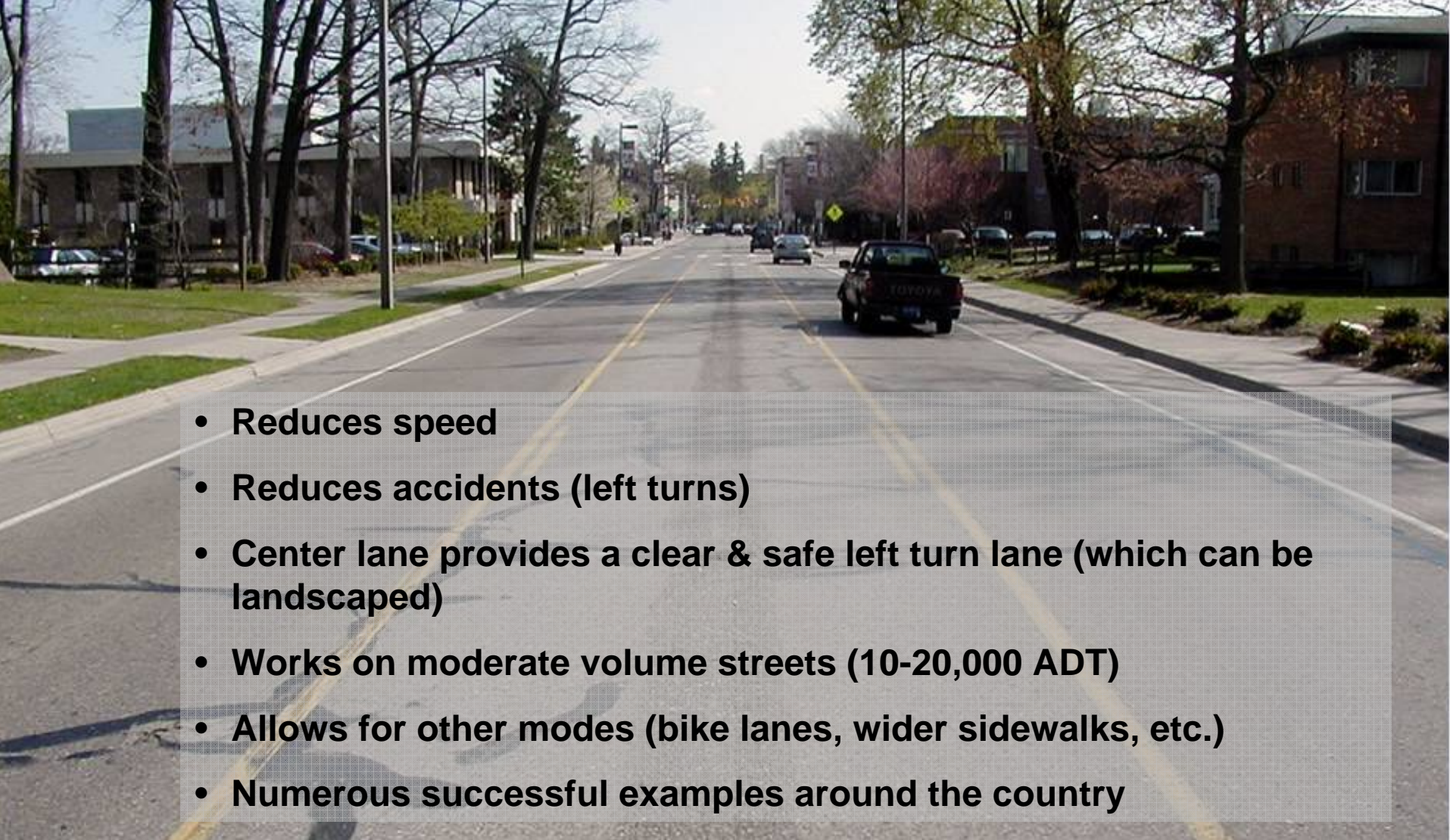
# What's a road diet?



**Classic road diet shrinks 4 lanes to 3 + bike lanes**



# What's a road diet?

- 
- Reduces speed
  - Reduces accidents (left turns)
  - Center lane provides a clear & safe left turn lane (which can be landscaped)
  - Works on moderate volume streets (10-20,000 ADT)
  - Allows for other modes (bike lanes, wider sidewalks, etc.)
  - Numerous successful examples around the country

**Inexpensive way to retrofit existing street**



## Four Lane Roads – Obsolete

- High Turning Volumes

- Safety



## Three Lane Roads – Current Practice

- High Turning Volumes
- Safety







Cascade Avenue

**Road Diet**

## Cascade Avenue: Existing 4-Lane Street





## Cascade Avenue: Existing 4-Lane Street



Cascade Avenue: 13,500 – 17,900 AADT



## Cascade Avenue: Neighborhood Serving Corridor

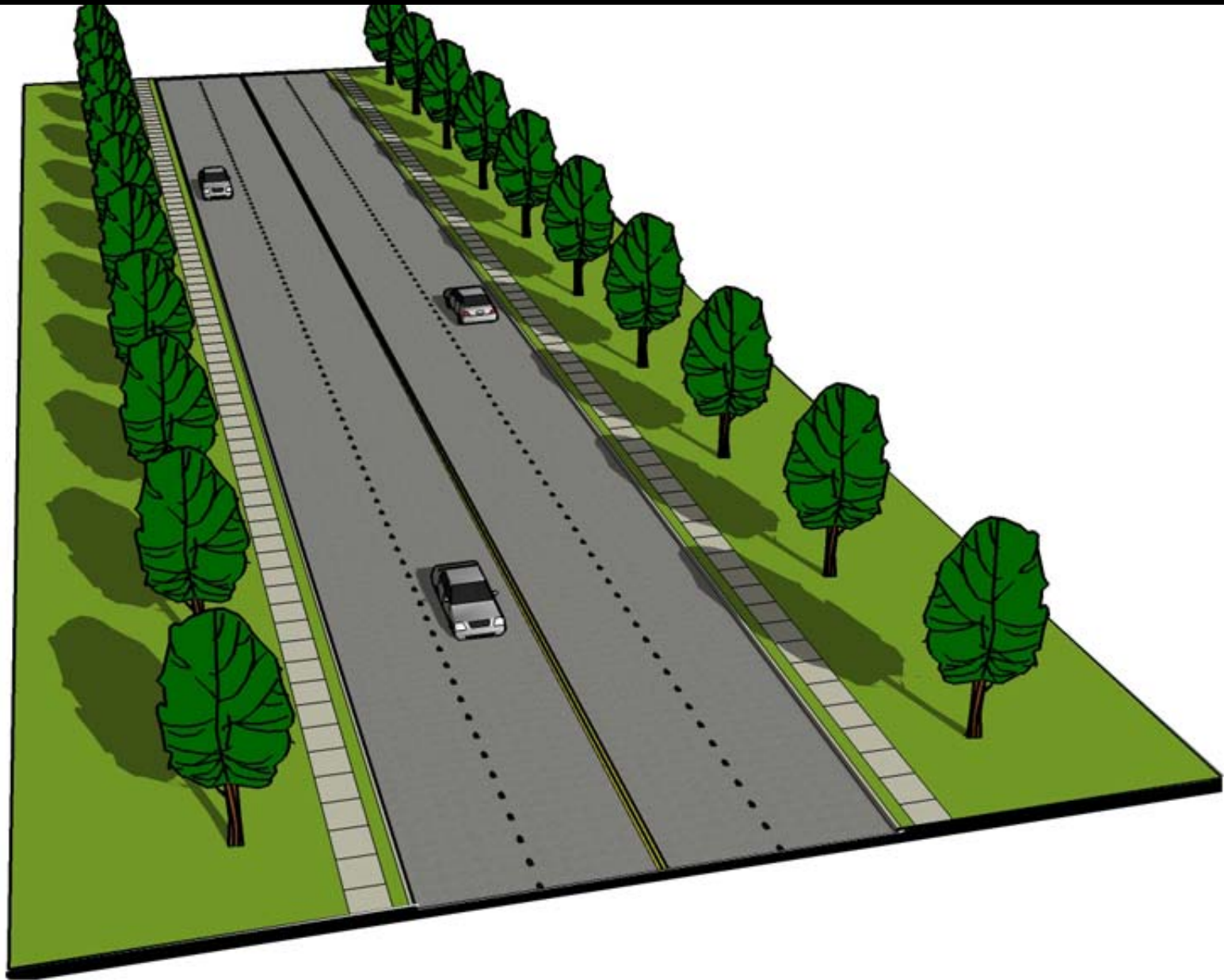




## Cascade Avenue: Community Planning Process

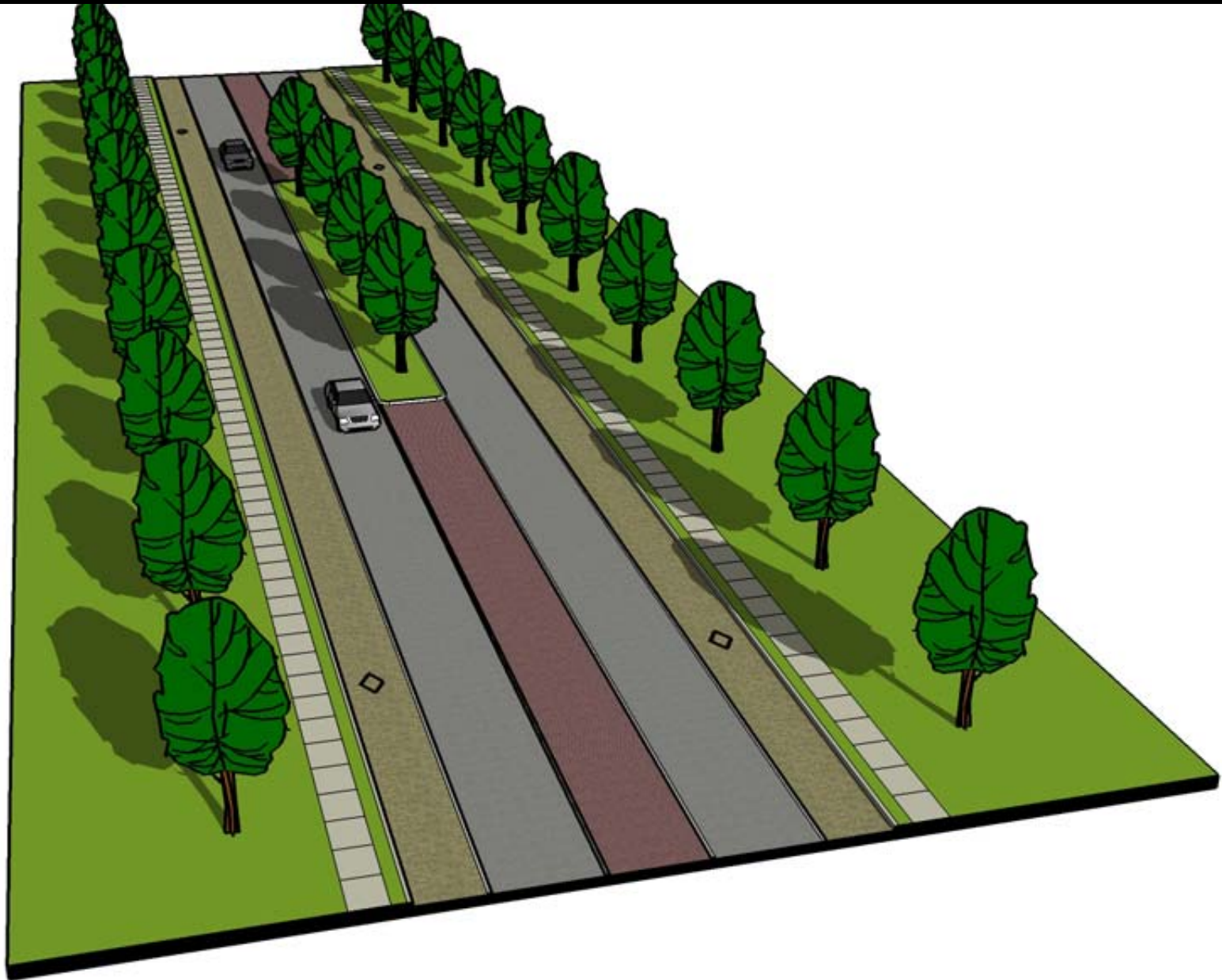


## Cascade Avenue: Existing 4-Lane Street

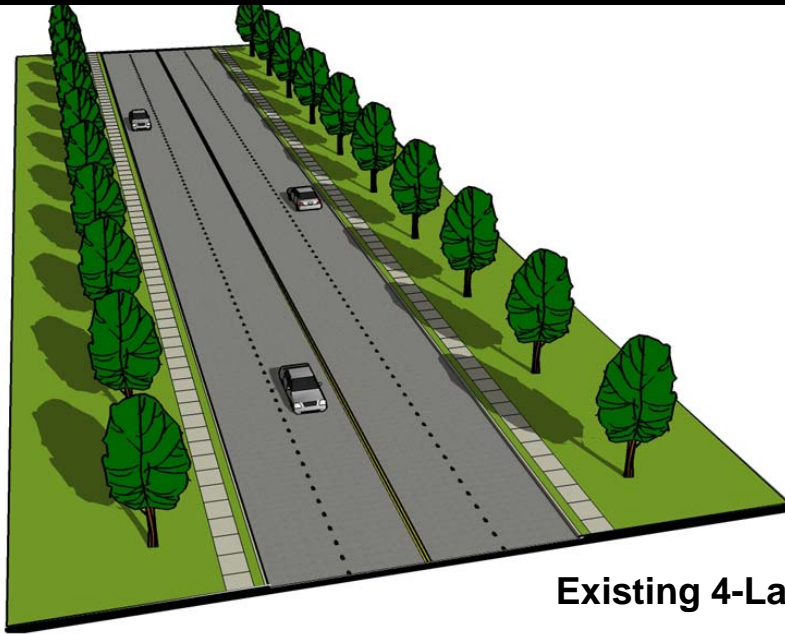




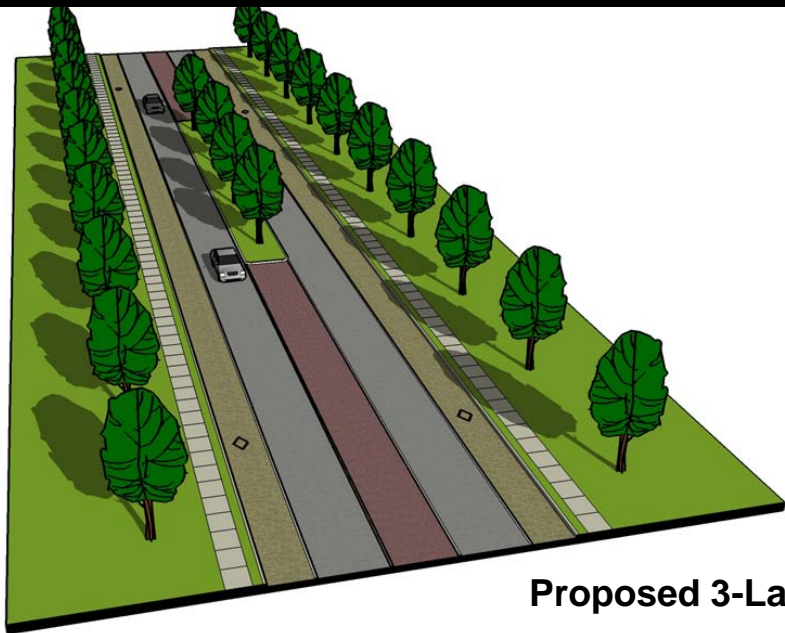
## Cascade Avenue: Road Diet Concept



## Cascade Avenue: Road Diet Concept



Existing 4-Lane



Proposed 3-Lane

- Reduces speed
- Reduces accidents (left turns)
- Center lane provides a clear & safe left turn lane (which can be landscaped)
- Works on moderate volume streets (10-20,000 ADT)
- Allows for other modes (bike lanes, wider sidewalks, etc.)
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## Comparable: Virginia Highlands – North Highland Avenue



North Highland: 17,000 AADT (2003 actual count)

## Cascade: 3-Lane Concept & Redevelopment



Cascade Avenue: 13,500 – 17,900 AADT



## Cascade: 3-Lane Concept & Redevelopment





## Cascade: 3-Lane Concept & Redevelopment







Road Diet Case Study

**Before/After**

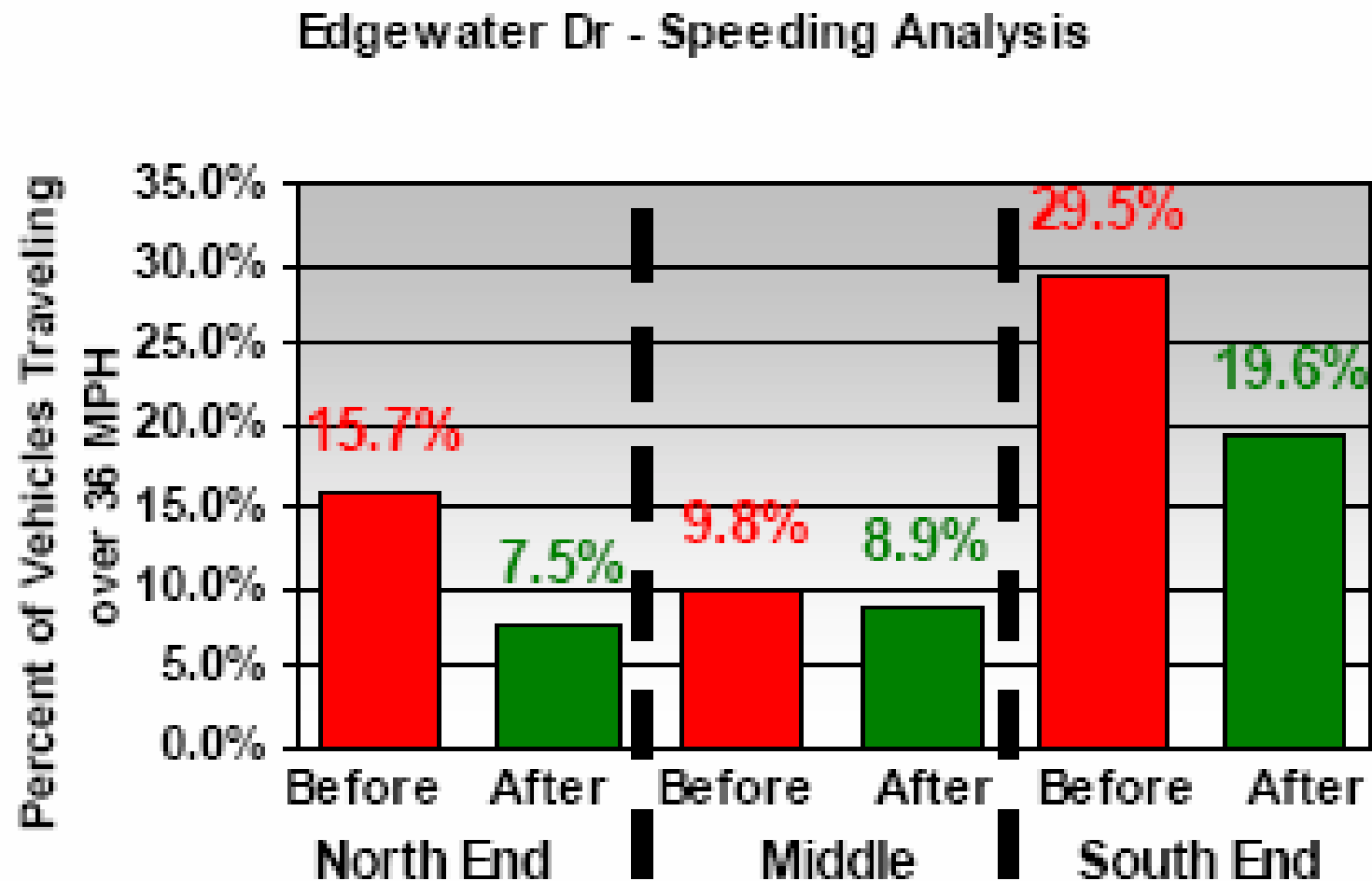


## Case Study: Edgewater Drive, Orlando FL

- Existing 4-Lane Road w/on-street parking
- Neighborhood Commercial Street
- Average Daily Traffic: +/- 20,000
- Neighborhood Planning Process identified need to make street more pedestrian and bike friendly
- Converted to 3-Lane w/bike lanes & on-street parking (2002)



## Case Study: Edgewater Drive - **Speed**



Source: City of Orlando Transportation Planning Bureau

## Case Study: Edgewater Drive - **Safety**

### Crash & Injury Rate Comparison

Statistic	Before <sup>1</sup>	After <sup>2</sup>	% Change
Crash Rate (per MVM) <sup>3</sup>	12.6	8.4	-34%
Injury Rate (per MVM)	3.6	1.2	-68%

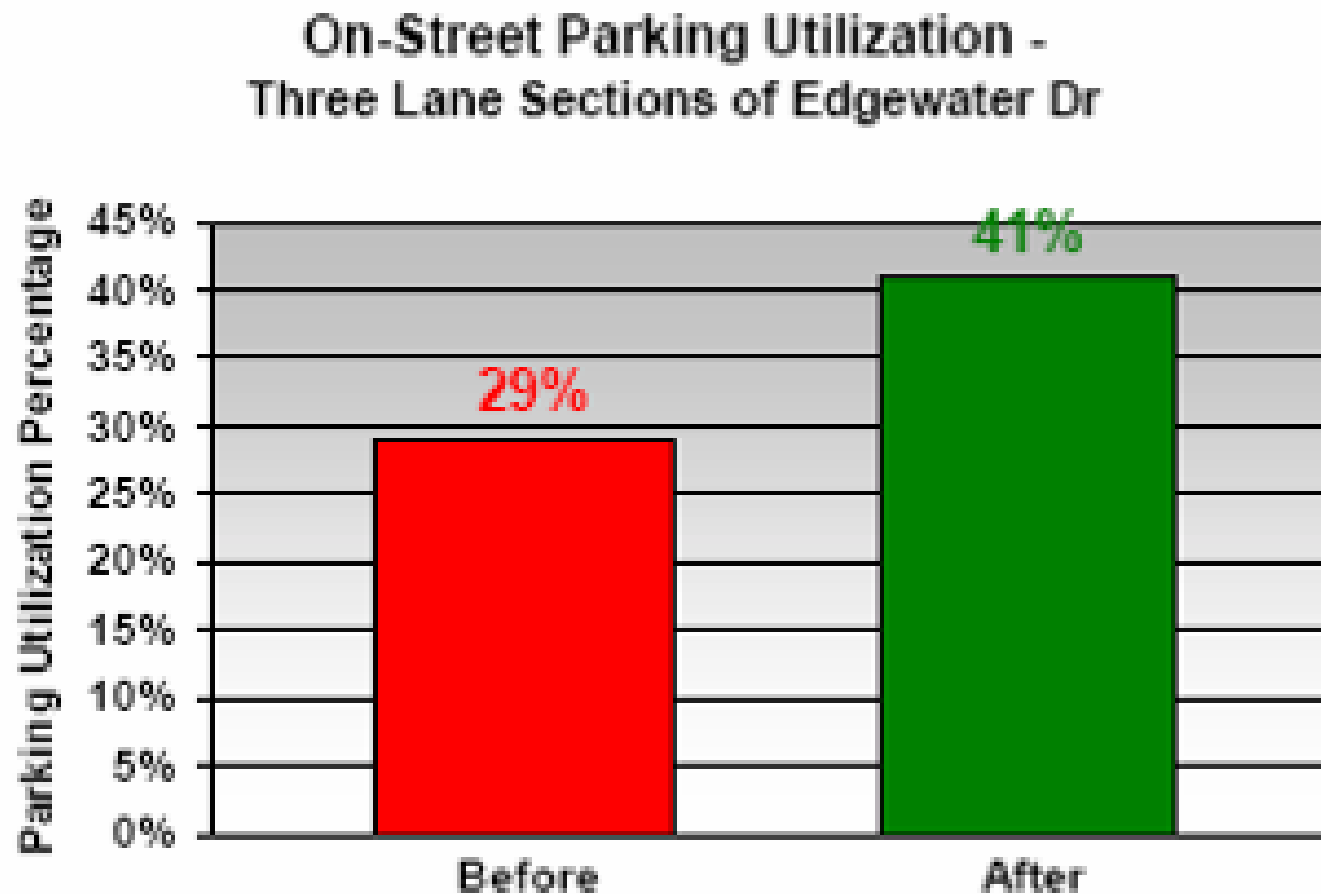
*Notes:*

- 1. Before represents an average of Years 1999, 2000 & 2001*
- 2. After represents four months (annualized)*
- 3. MVM = Million Vehicle Miles*

Source: City of Orlando Transportation Planning Bureau



## Case Study: Edgewater Drive – **On-Street Parking Utilization**



Source: City of Orlando Transportation Planning Bureau

## Case Study: Edgewater Drive – **Pedestrian & Bike Use**

**Pedestrian Count Summary**

<b>Direction</b>	<b>Before</b>	<b>After</b>	<b>Change</b>	<b>% Change</b>
Northbound & Southbound	1,398	1,481	83	6%
Eastbound & Westbound	738	1,151	413	56%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,136</b>	<b>2,632</b>	<b>496</b>	<b>23%</b>

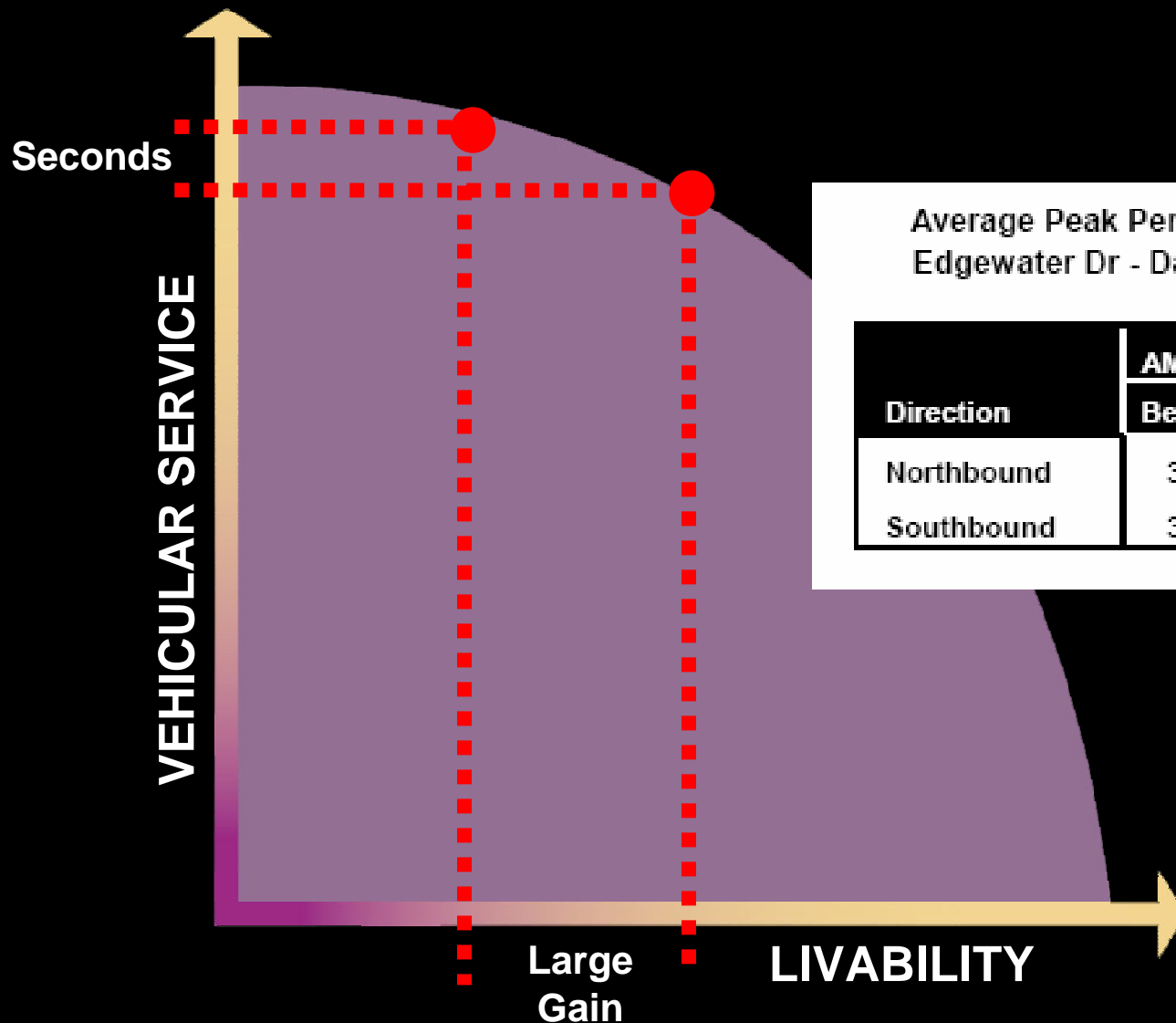
**Bicycle Count Summary**

<b>Direction</b>	<b>Before</b>	<b>After</b>	<b>Change</b>	<b>% Change</b>
Northbound & Southbound	295	368	73	25%
Eastbound & Westbound	80	118	38	48%
<b>Total</b>	<b>375</b>	<b>486</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>30%</b>

**Source: City of Orlando Transportation Planning Bureau**



## Case Study: Edgewater Drive – **Vehicular Travel Time**



Average Peak Period Travel Time (Minutes)  
Edgewater Dr - Dartmouth St. to Maury Rd.

Direction	AM (7:00 - 9:00)		PM (4:00 - 6:00)	
	Before	After	Before	After
Northbound	3.3	4.2	3.5	3.8
Southbound	3.2	4.1	3.7	3.5



# Complete Streets & **Land Development**



## Evolution of a Commercial Strip: Existing Conditions

Transit Service  
Ineffective  
(buildings too far from  
street, results long  
walks and inefficient  
routing)

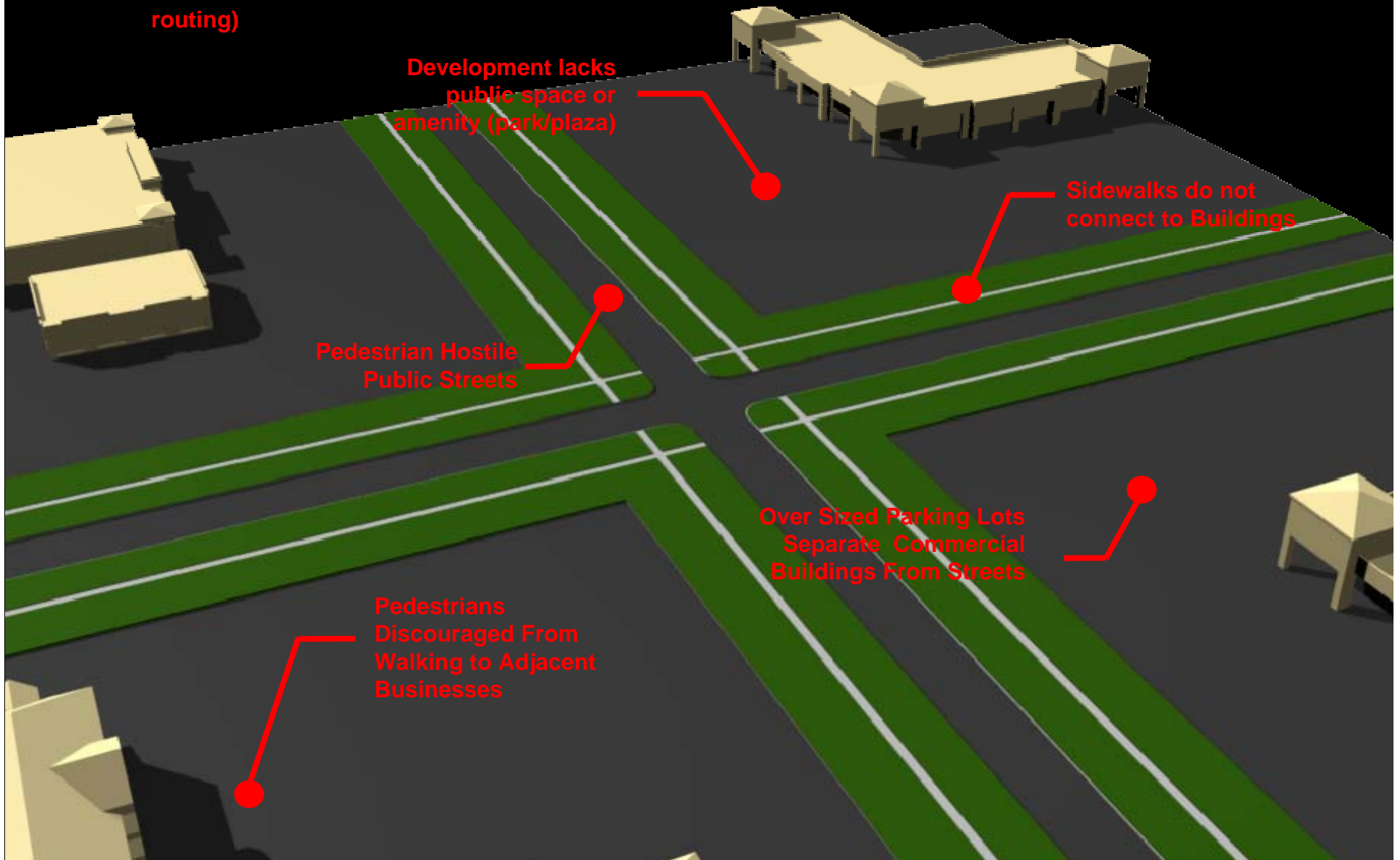
Development lacks  
public space or  
amenity (park/plaza)

Sidewalks do not  
connect to Buildings

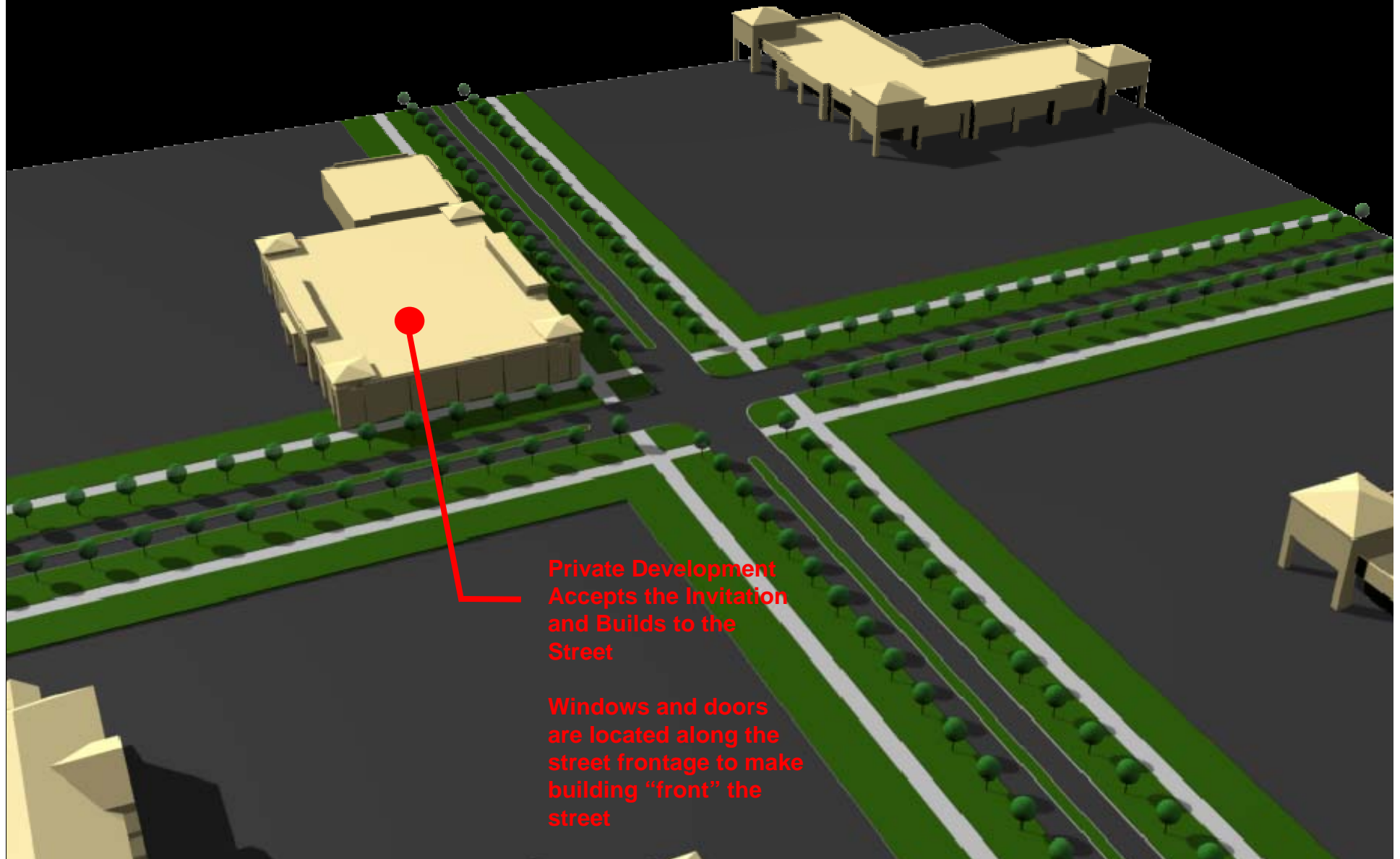
Pedestrian Hostile  
Public Streets

Over Sized Parking Lots  
Separate Commercial  
Buildings From Streets

Pedestrians  
Discouraged From  
Walking to Adjacent  
Businesses



## Evolution of a Commercial Strip: Initial Street Oriented Development





## Evolution of a Commercial Strip: New Public Square and Continued Street Oriented Development

- Shared “Park Once” Environment is Created

New Development  
Continues to build to  
the street

Density and Location  
of Buildings Support  
Public Transit

Public/Private Park  
Improvements Create a  
Valuable Amenity



## Building & Street Relationship





## Building & Street Relationship



## Building & Street Relationship





## Building & Street Relationship





## Building & Street Relationship





# Bringing It All Together



**Start with a stark, plain street**

## Bringing It All Together



**Narrow travel lanes, add a bike lane**

## Bringing It All Together



**Add a median, trees and some texture**



# Bringing It All Together



**Bring the buildings in closer**

## Bringing It All Together



**Make sure the buildings face the street**



# Bringing It All Together



**Bring in more buildings (infill)**

# Bringing It All Together



**The street now has a life!**



